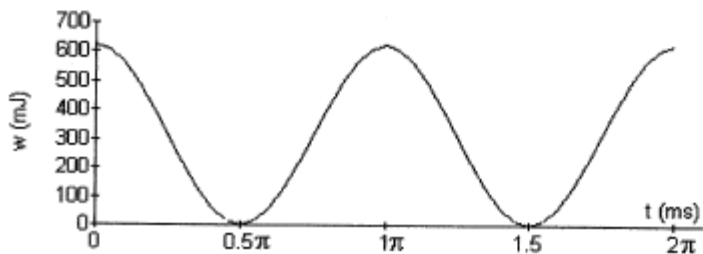
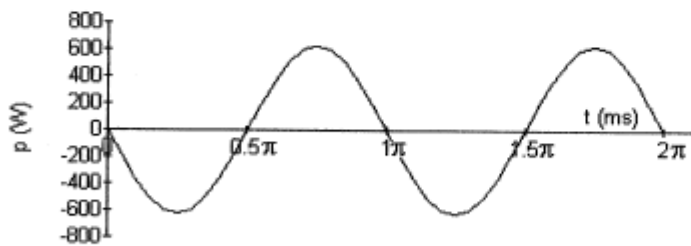
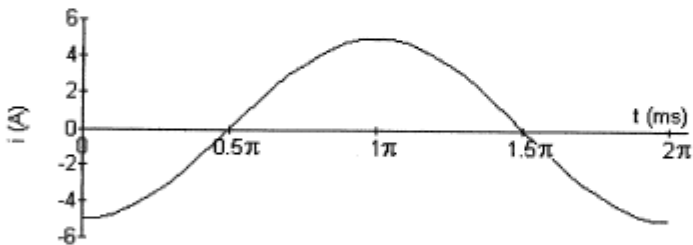
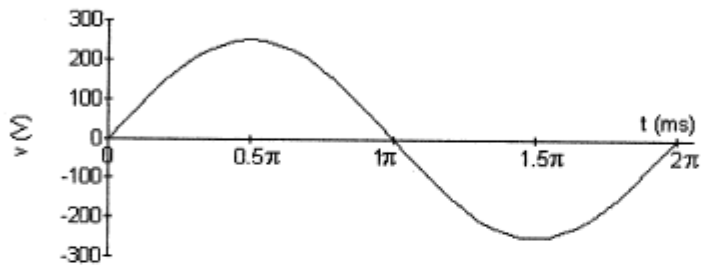


ENGR& 204 Homework 5 key Spring

$$\begin{aligned} \text{P 6.7 [a]} \quad i &= \frac{1000}{50} \int_0^t 250 \sin 1000x \, dx - 5 \\ &= 5000 \int_0^t \sin 1000x \, dx - 5 \\ &= 5000 \left[ \frac{-\cos 1000x}{1000} \right]_0^t - 5 \\ &= 5(1 - \cos 1000t) - 5 \\ i &= -5 \cos 1000t \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

2009

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{[b]} \quad p &= vi = (250 \sin 1000t)(-5 \cos 1000t) \\
 &= -1250 \sin 1000t \cos 1000t \\
 p &= -625 \sin 2000t \text{ W} \\
 w &= \frac{1}{2} Li^2 \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} (50 \times 10^{-3}) 25 \cos^2 1000t \\
 &= 625 \cos^2 1000t \text{ mJ} \\
 w &= [312.5 + 312.5 \cos 2000t] \text{ mJ.}
 \end{aligned}$$



[c] Absorbing power:      Delivering power:

$$0.5\pi \leq t \leq \pi \text{ ms} \quad 0 \leq t \leq 0.5\pi \text{ ms}$$

$$1.5\pi \leq t \leq 2\pi \text{ ms} \quad \pi \leq t \leq 1.5\pi \text{ ms}$$

P 6.10  $i = (B_1 \cos 5t + B_2 \sin 5t)e^{-t}$

$$i(0) = B_1 = 25 \text{ A}$$

$$\frac{di}{dt} = (B_1 \cos 5t + B_2 \sin 5t)(-e^{-t}) + e^{-t}(-5B_1 \sin 5t + 5B_2 \cos 5t)$$

$$= [(5B_2 - B_1) \cos 5t - (5B_1 + B_2) \sin 5t]e^{-t}$$

$$v = 2 \frac{di}{dt} = [(10B_2 - 2B_1) \cos 5t - (10B_1 + 2B_2) \sin 5t]e^{-t}$$

$$v(0) = 100 = 10B_2 - 2B_1 = 10B_2 - 50 \quad \therefore B_2 = 150/10 = 15 \text{ A}$$

Thus,

$$i = (25 \cos 5t + 15 \sin 5t)e^{-t} \text{ A}, \quad t \geq 0$$

$$v = (100 \cos 5t - 280 \sin 5t)e^{-t} \text{ V}, \quad t \geq 0$$

$$i(0.5) = -6.70 \text{ A}; \quad v(0.5) = -150.23 \text{ V}$$

$$p(0.5) = (-6.70)(-150.23) = 1007.00 \text{ W absorbing}$$

P 6.16 [a]  $i = C \frac{dv}{dt} = 0, \quad t < 0$

[b]  $i = C \frac{dv}{dt} = 5e^{-1000t}[\cos 3000t + 13 \sin 3000t] \text{ mA}, \quad t \geq 0$

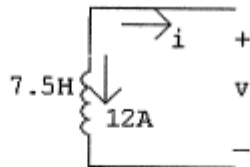
[c] no,  $v(0^-) = -30 \text{ V}$   
 $v(0^+) = 10 - 40 = -30 \text{ V}$

[d] yes,  $i(0^-) = 0 \text{ A}$   
 $i(0^+) = 5 \text{ mA}$

[e]  $v(\infty) = 10 \text{ V}$

$$w = \frac{1}{2} C v^2 = \frac{1}{2} (0.5 \times 10^{-6}) (10)^2 = 25 \mu\text{J}$$

P 6.22 [a]



$$i(t) = -\frac{1}{7.5} \int_0^t -1800e^{-20x} dx - 12$$

$$= 240 \frac{e^{-20x}}{-20} \Big|_0^t - 12$$

$$= -12(e^{-20t} - 1) - 12$$

$$i(t) = -12e^{-20t} \text{ A}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{[b]} \quad i_1(t) &= -\frac{1}{10} \int_0^t -1800e^{-20x} dx + 4 \\
&= 180 \frac{e^{-20x}}{-20} \Big|_0^t + 4 \\
&= -9(e^{-20t} - 1) + 4 \\
i_1(t) &= -9e^{-20t} + 13 \text{ A}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{[c]} \quad i_2(t) &= -\frac{1}{30} \int_0^t -1800e^{-20x} dx - 16 \\
&= 60 \frac{e^{-20x}}{-20} \Big|_0^t - 16 \\
&= -3(e^{-20t} - 1) - 16 \\
i_2(t) &= -3e^{-20t} - 13 \text{ A}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{[d]} \quad p = vi &= (-1800e^{-20t})(-12e^{-20t}) = 21,600e^{-40t} \text{ W} \\
w &= \int_0^\infty p dt = \int_0^\infty 21,600e^{-40t} dt \\
&= 21,600 \frac{e^{-40t}}{-40} \Big|_0^\infty \\
&= 540 \text{ J}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{[e]} \quad w = \frac{1}{2}(10)(16) + \frac{1}{2}(30)(256) = 3920 \text{ J}$$

$$\text{[f]} \quad w_{\text{trapped}} = w_{\text{initial}} - w_{\text{delivered}} = 3920 - 540 = 3380 \text{ J}$$

$$\text{[g]} \quad w_{\text{trapped}} = \frac{1}{2}(10)(13)^2 + \frac{1}{2}(30)(13)^2 = 3380 \text{ J} \quad \text{checks}$$

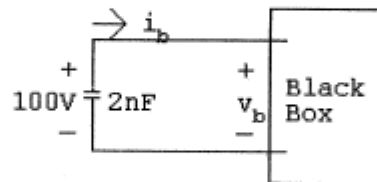
P 6.28  $C_1 = 1 + 1.5 = 2.5 \text{ nF}$

$$\frac{1}{C_2} = \frac{1}{2.5} + \frac{1}{12.5} + \frac{1}{50} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\therefore C_2 = 2 \text{ nF}$$

$$v_d(0) + v_a(0) - v_c(0) = 40 + 15 + 45 = 100 \text{ V}$$

[a]



$$\begin{aligned} v_b &= -\frac{10^9}{2} \int_0^t 50 \times 10^{-6} e^{-250x} dx + 100 \\ &= -25,000 \frac{e^{-250x}}{-250} \Big|_0^t + 100 \\ &= 100(e^{-250t} - 1) + 100 \\ &= 100e^{-250t} \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{[b]} \quad v_a &= -\frac{10^9}{12.5} \int_0^t 50 \times 10^{-6} e^{-250x} dx + 15 \\
&= -4000 \frac{e^{-250x}}{-250} \Big|_0^t + 15 \\
&= 16(e^{-250t} - 1) + 15 \\
&= 16e^{-250t} - 1 \text{ V}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{[c]} \quad v_c &= \frac{10^9}{50} \int_0^t 50 \times 10^{-6} e^{-250x} dx - 45 \\
&= 1000 \frac{e^{-250x}}{-250} \Big|_0^t - 45 \\
&= -4(e^{-250t} - 1) - 45 \\
&= -4e^{-250t} - 41 \text{ V}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{[d]} \quad v_d &= -\frac{10^9}{2.5} \int_0^t 50 \times 10^{-6} e^{-250x} dx + 40 \\
&= -20,000 \frac{e^{-250x}}{-250} \Big|_0^t + 40 \\
&= 80(e^{-250t} - 1) + 40 \\
&= 80e^{-250t} - 40 \text{ V}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{CHECK: } v_b &= v_d + v_a - v_c \\
&= 80e^{-250t} - 40 + 16e^{-250t} - 1 + 4e^{-250t} + 41 \\
&= 100e^{-250t} \text{ V (checks)}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{[e]} \quad i_1 &= -10^{-9} \frac{d}{dt} [80e^{-250t} - 40] \\
&= -10^{-9} (-20,000e^{-250t}) \\
&= 20e^{-250t} \mu\text{A}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{[f]} \quad i_2 &= -1.5 \times 10^{-9} \frac{d}{dt} [80e^{-250t} - 40] \\
&= -1.5 \times 10^{-9} (-20,000e^{-250t}) \\
&= 30e^{-250t} \mu\text{A}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{CHECK: } i_1 + i_2 = 50e^{-250t} \mu\text{A} = i_b$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{P 6.33} \quad v_c &= \frac{-10^6}{20} \int_0^t e^{-80x} \sin 60x \, dx - 300 \\
&= 5e^{-80t} [80 \sin 60t + 60 \cos 60t] + 300 - 300 \\
&= 400e^{-80t} \sin 60t + 300e^{-80t} \cos 60t \text{ V} \\
v_L &= 5 \frac{di_o}{dt} \\
&= 5[-80e^{-80t} \sin 60t + 60e^{-80t} \cos 60t] \\
&= -400e^{-80t} \sin 60t + 300e^{-80t} \cos 60t \text{ V} \\
v_o &= v_c - v_L \\
&= (300e^{-80t} \cos 60t - 300e^{-80t} \cos 60t + 400e^{-80t} \sin 60t + \\
&\quad 400e^{-80t} \sin 60t) \\
&= 800e^{-80t} \sin 60t \text{ V}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{P 7.5} \quad w(0) = \frac{1}{2}(20 \times 10^{-3})(10^2) = 1 \text{ J}$$

$$0.5w(0) = 0.5 \text{ J}$$

$$i_R = 10e^{-t/\tau}$$

$$p_{\text{diss}} = i_R^2 R = 100Re^{-2t/\tau}$$

$$w_{\text{diss}} = \int_0^t R(100)e^{-2x/\tau} \, dx$$

$$w_{\text{diss}} = 100R \frac{e^{-2x/\tau}}{-2/\tau} \Big|_0^{t_o} = -50\tau R(e^{-2t_o/\tau} - 1) = 50L(1 - e^{-2t_o/\tau})$$

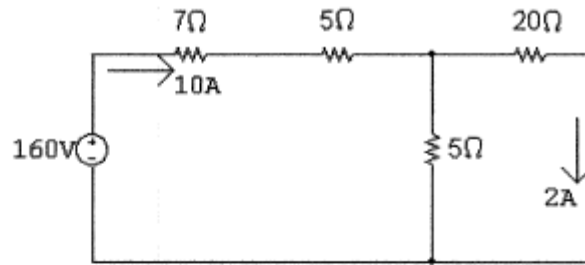
$$50L = (50)(20) \times 10^{-3} = 1; \quad t_o = 10 \mu\text{s}$$

$$1 - e^{-2t_o/\tau} = 0.5$$

$$e^{2t_o/\tau} = 2; \quad \frac{2t_o}{\tau} = \frac{2t_o R}{L} = \ln 2$$

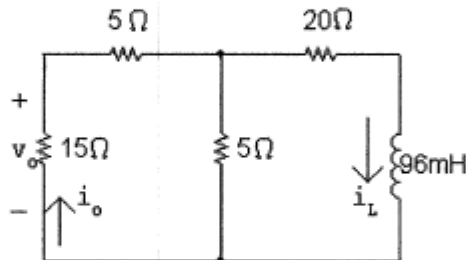
$$R = \frac{L \ln 2}{2t_o} = \frac{20 \times 10^{-3} \ln 2}{20 \times 10^{-6}} = 693.15 \Omega$$

P 7.11  $t < 0$ :



$$i_L(0^+) = 2 \text{ A}$$

$t > 0$ :



$$R_e = \frac{(20)(5)}{25} + 20 = 24 \Omega$$

$$\tau = \frac{L}{R_e} = \frac{96}{24} \times 10^{-3} = 4 \text{ ms}; \quad \frac{1}{\tau} = 250$$

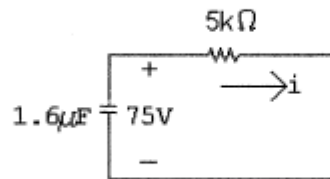
$$\therefore i_L = 2e^{-250t} \text{ A}$$

$$\therefore i_o = \frac{5}{25} i_L = 0.4e^{-250t} \text{ A}$$

$$v_o = -15i_o = -6e^{-250t} \text{ V}, \quad t \geq 0^+$$

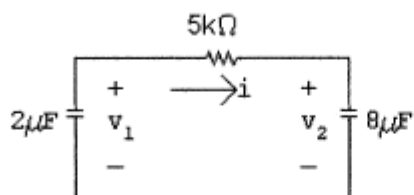
P 7.21 [a]  $v_1(0^-) = v_1(0^+) = 75 \text{ V}$        $v_2(0^+) = 0$

$$C_{\text{eq}} = 2 \times 8/10 = 1.6 \mu\text{F}$$



$$\tau = (5)(1.6) \times 10^{-3} = 8 \text{ ms}; \quad \frac{1}{\tau} = 125$$

$$i = \frac{75}{5} \times 10^{-3} e^{-125t} = 15e^{-125t} \text{ mA}, \quad t \geq 0^+$$



$$v_1 = \frac{-10^6}{2} \int_0^t 15 \times 10^{-3} e^{-125x} dx + 75 = 60e^{-125t} + 15 \text{ V}, \quad t \geq 0$$

$$v_2 = \frac{10^6}{8} \int_0^t 15 \times 10^{-3} e^{-125x} dx + 0 = -15e^{-125t} + 15 \text{ V}, \quad t \geq 0$$

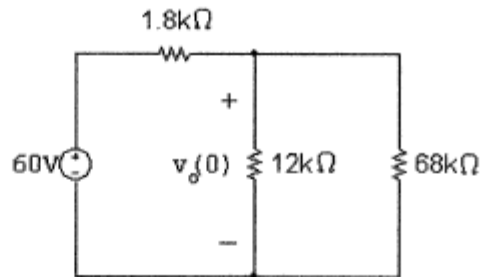
[b]  $w(0) = \frac{1}{2}(2 \times 10^{-6})(5625) = 5625 \mu\text{J}$

[c]  $w_{\text{trapped}} = \frac{1}{2}(2 \times 10^{-6})(225) + \frac{1}{2}(8 \times 10^{-6})(225) = 1125 \mu\text{J}.$

$$w_{\text{diss}} = \frac{1}{2}(1.6 \times 10^{-6})(5625) = 4500 \mu\text{J}.$$

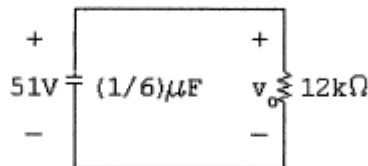
Check:  $w_{\text{trapped}} + w_{\text{diss}} = 1125 + 4500 = 5625 \mu\text{J}; \quad w(0) = 5625 \mu\text{J}.$

P 7.26 [a]  $t < 0$ :



$$v_o(0) = \frac{(60)(10.2)}{12} = 51 \text{ V}$$

$t > 0$ :



$$\tau = \frac{1}{6}(12) \times 10^{-3} = 2 \text{ ms}; \quad \frac{1}{\tau} = 500$$

$$v_o = 51e^{-500t} \text{ V}, \quad t \geq 0$$

$$p = \frac{v_o^2}{12} \times 10^{-3} = 216.75 \times 10^{-3} e^{-1000t} \text{ W}$$

$$\begin{aligned} w_{\text{diss}} &= \int_0^{2 \times 10^{-3}} 216.75 \times 10^{-3} e^{-1000t} dt \\ &= 216.75 \times 10^{-6} (1 - e^{-2}) = 187.42 \mu\text{J} \end{aligned}$$

[b]  $w(0) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{6}\right) (51)^2 \times 10^{-6} = 216.75 \mu\text{J}$

$$0.95w(0) = 205.9125 \mu\text{J}$$

$$\int_0^{t_o} 216.75 \times 10^{-3} e^{-1000x} dx = 205.9125 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\int_0^{t_o} e^{-1000x} dx = 0.95 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\therefore 1 - e^{-1000t_o} = 0.95; \quad e^{1000t_o} = 20; \quad \text{so } t_o = 3 \text{ ms}$$